# Mentoring in Medicine Pilot Resources

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AFFINITY GROUP

### **GWIMS Toolkits and Webinars**

Toolkit submissions are authored by GWIMS members and are designed to provide practical guidance on a variety of topics relevant to women faculty in academic medicine and science. Each resource provides an overview of the topic, relevant best practices, tips on implementation, and useful references. We welcome submissions and topic ideas from the GWIMS community. Contact us to let us know of your interest.

### **Leveraging Your Career**

- A Case Study: Creative Faculty Development through your GWIMS Office
- A Guide to Allyship
- A Guide to Prepare for Your First Job in Academic Medicine
- A Valuable Form of Scholarship for the <u>Academic Physician</u> (Updated in 2022)
- <u>Caretaking in Academic Medicine: From</u>
   <u>Pregnancy through Early Parenting</u> (Updated in 2023)
- Crafting a Fundable Grant
- . Is Your Salary Equitable? A Guide for Individual Faculty





# **GWIMS Mentoring Women Toolkit for Mentees**

Mentoring for Your Academic Career Success

Mary Lou Voytko, Wake Forest School of Medicine

Joan M. Lakoski, West Virginia University

**Updated January 2023** 



GWIMS Toolkit

## Development of an Innovative Career Development Program for Early-Career Women Faculty

Global Advances in Health and Medicine Volume 8: I-II © The Author(s) 2019 Article reuse guidelines: sagepub.com/journals-permissions DOI: 10.1177/2164956119862986 journals.sagepub.com/home/gam



Session	Topic	Objectives	Notes
ı	Imposter Syndrome	Understand the Imposter Syndrome and how it impacts one's career.  Understand the differences between the fixed mind-set and the growth-oriented mind-set.  Identify core beliefs about yourself and how they may hold you back.  Identify steps to manage the Imposter Syndrome.	
1	Talent and Strength	<ul> <li>Identify personal strengths (themes of talent).</li> <li>Understand the rationale behind increasing focus on strengths versus deficits/weaknesses.</li> <li>Develop strategies for describing and applying one's strengths.</li> </ul>	Participants completed the StrengthsFinder (now CliftonStrengths) assessment. 26,27
2	Change Style Indicator	<ul> <li>Understand mental models and common traps.</li> <li>Identify one's natural response to change.</li> </ul>	Participants completed the Change Style Indicator assessment. <sup>28</sup>
2	Managing Your Career	<ul> <li>Discuss what it means to "Manage Your Career."</li> <li>Review new rules for career management.</li> </ul>	
3	Communication and Influence	<ul> <li>Discuss communication road blocks and snags (includes assertive communication, influence).</li> <li>Understand the concept of emotional intelligence and its potential career impact.</li> <li>Understand how people gain and lose credibility.</li> <li>Understand how to gain influence and power with people.</li> <li>Develop strategies for delivering and receiving feedback positively.</li> <li>Learn strategies for running effective meetings.</li> </ul>	
4	Conflict Management	<ul> <li>Recognize why conflict occurs.</li> <li>Learn what you can do to reduce conflict.</li> <li>Assess your conflict management style.</li> <li>Develop methods and techniques to prepare for conflict conversation.</li> <li>Discover how to create a learning conversation from a conflict interaction.</li> </ul>	Participants opened the session with a Visual Explorer exercise from the Center for Creative Leadership (www.ccl.org) and completed the Thomas Kilmann Conflict Mode Instrument. <sup>30</sup> They received a copy of: Difficult Conversations: How to Discuss What Matters Most (Stone et al. <sup>31</sup> )

## Career development for academic medicine—a nine step strategy

Make sure your career goes to plan by using *Linda Pololi's* innovative form of career development guidance

"Self-reflection is the school of wisdom"

Baltasar Gracian, 1601-58,

Spanish philosopher and writer

Academic medicine depends upon talented and vibrant faculty members, but reports of difficulties in recruiting to academic posts in the United Kingdom,<sup>1</sup> and career dissatisfaction in the United States,<sup>2</sup> have led to calls for action to improve careers in academic medicine. Supporting the professional and personal development of the medical faculty is fundamental to strengthening and renewing achievements in patient care, teaching, and research.

#### Mentoring

Most faculty members report a lack of effective mentoring, particularly for under-represented groups such as women.<sup>3</sup> The academic development plan (ADP) was developed by the author for use in the mentoring programmes of a designated National Center of Leadership in Academic Medicine.<sup>4</sup> The ADP was very positively evaluated by two cohorts of medical faculty who used it as part of a peer mentoring programme over eight months.

The ADP can be used either individually, in a group setting, or within a mentoring dyad where trust has been established. Such a dyad could be either a traditional senior/junior partnership, or a co-mentoring relationship between peers. The process is applicable to faculty members at any stage of their career. By completing their own ADP, senior faculty members not only derive personal benefit but also prepare to facilitate the process for junior colleagues.

Outlined below is a description of each of the steps to be taken when formulating an ADP. It is important to keep a written record of each step because writing helps to clarify thinking, and serves as a record and memory aid. The ADP is a long term, evolving process that can be added to over time.

#### Step one-clarify your governing values

These are the deeply held values and standards that govern all aspects of your life and which act as guiding principles for choices, decisions, and behaviours. The some examples are truthfulness, enjoyment, responsibility for children, intellectual challenge, social justice, financial wellbeing, kindness, respect for diversity, freedom, and security. Typically, an individual's values are acquired through interaction with family, peers, and social systems. In our experience of working in medical schools, most faculty members have not taken the opportunity to articulate their own governing values.

#### Prepare a list of your governing values

This first critical step will build self awareness and an

## Creating a Program for Junior Faculty Professional Development: A Tool Kit

Jaspreet Loyal, MD ™, Anthony Porto, MD, Deepa Camenga, MD

https://doi.org/10.15766/mep\_2374-8265.10703



### **Abstract**

Introduction: Junior academic faculty must balance increasing clinical responsibilities whilst maintaining academic portfolios aimed at promotion. Our goal was to design, implement, and evaluate a curriculum for career development amongst junior faculty in pediatrics. **Methods:** Following the Kern method of curriculum development, we performed a needs assessment of junior faculty via an electronic survey to identify areas for career development. We created objectives based on the themes identified and developed associated learning activities, including (1) a monthly seminar series, (2) an orientation day for new hires, and (3) a formal mentoring program for junior faculty. At the end of each academic year, we sent electronic surveys to junior faculty participants for program evaluation. **Results:** Of 50 junior faculty, 60% completed the initial needs assessment and identified a need for a forum for junior faculty orientation, career development, and formal mentoring. Local experts were solicited to create and lead a 10-part seminar series to cover topics such as CV review, promotions, and mentoring. Twenty-one junior faculty (42%) who did not already have established mentors joined the formal mentoring program. All

ALLENDISCS RELEASED RELATED DETA

#### **APPENDICES**

- A. Needs Assessment.docx
- B. Seminar Series Speakers Discussion Guide Program Workflow and Checklist.docx
- C. Seminar 1 Promotions Overview and Updating Your Academic CV and CV Supplement.pptx
- D. Seminar 2 Mentorship and Being a Mentee.pptx
- E. Seminar 3 Understanding Clinical Productivity.pptx
- F. Seminar 4 Teaching in the Clinical Setting.pptx
- G. Seminar 5 Opportunities for Junior Faculty in Education.pptx
- H. Seminar 6 Educational Scholarship.pptx
- I. Seminar 7 How to Develop a Curriculum.pptx
- J. Seminar 8 Broadening Your Academic Network.pptx
- K. Seminar 9 How to Review Manuscripts.pptx
- L. Seminar 10 Grant Opportunities.pptx
- M. Mentorship Needs Assessment.docx
- N. Mentorship Program Guidelines.docx
- O. Orientation Agenda.docx
- P. Program Evaluation.docx
- Q. Orientation Evaluation.docx
- R. New Faculty Member Orientation.pptx

## Popular Resources

Susan Colantuono's TED talk



Susan Colantuono
The career advice you probably didn't get

## WHAT WORKS FOR WOMEN AT WORK

Joan C. Williams

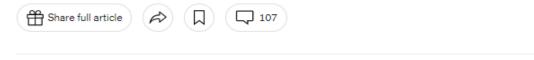
PART FOUR: TUG OF WAR



### The New Hork Times

# Being a Doctor Is Hard. It's Harder for Women.

Female medical residents and physicians endure bias and a larger burden with home duties. They also face a greater risk of depression.



#### By Dhruv Khullar

Dec. 7, 2017

Leer en español

Happy medical residents are all alike. Every unhappy resident would take a long time to count.

It's no secret that medical training is grueling: long hours, little sleep, rigid hierarchies, steep learning curves. It's unfortunate but not surprising, then, that nearly one-third of residents experience symptoms of depression, and more than 10 percent of medical students report having suicidal thoughts. But is it worse for women than men?

A <u>new study</u> in JAMA Internal Medicine suggests yes. Dr.

## **Books**

